

Member Information Service

Decisions Made by Individual Cabinet Members

None.

Committee Meetings

Please note that all meetings start at 7.00 pm in the Council Chamber, unless otherwise stated.

JUNE 2014

2nd June - Cabinet @ 4.00 p.m.

4th June - Scrutiny Committee for Planning and Economic Development.

10th June – Scrutiny Committee for Leader and Service Delivery.

17th June - Standards Committee.

18th June - Council.

20th June - CenSus Joint Partnership Committee @ 10.00 a.m. at Oaklands

24th June - Audit Committee.

25th June - Licensing Committee.

PLANNING COMMITTEES

MAY 2014

29th May - Planning Committee A.

JUNE 2014

12th June - Planning Committee B.

26th June – Planning Committee A.

PLEASE NOTE THAT a special meeting of Scrutiny Committee for Planning and Economic Development will be held on Wednesday, 9th July 2014 @ 7.00 p.m.

Agendas

Cabinet - 2nd June 2014

To confirm the Minutes of the meeting of Cabinet held on 24th March 2014.

Outturn 2013/14.

Acceptance of the Recommendations Contained in the Cuckfield Neighbourhood Plan Examination Report.

To confirm the Exempt Minutes of the meeting of Cabinet held on 24th March 2014.

Scrutiny Committee for Planning and Economic Development – 4th June 2014

To confirm the Minutes of the meetings of the Committee held on: -

- (a) 4th March 2014; and
- (b) 7th May 2014.

Timetable for the District Plan.

District Plan: Duty to Cooperate Framework.

Report on East Grinstead Town Centre Regeneration Proposals By Frontier Estates.

Scrutiny Committee for Planning and Economic Development Work Programme.

Date and Time	Training Event
	2014
8th July (6:30pm)	Procedure Rules and FOI
1st October (6:30pm)	Licensing
h November (6:30pm)	Local Government Finance
	2015
3rd February (6:30pm)	Planning
10th March (6:30pm)	TBC

Free Public Bill Seminar: Queens Speech - 5th June 2014, London

Want to find out how you can have your say on proposed laws going through Parliament?

The Parliamentary Outreach team is offering a free Public Bill Seminar in Westminster on **Thursday 5th June 2014, 2pm – 4pm** focusing on the passage of legislation at the beginning of the Parliamentary session and providing you with information on how to get involved in the legislative process.

The seminar will cover:

- What happens at the beginning of a session
- How MPs and Peers scrutinise and challenge legislation
- How you can submit evidence to Public Bill Committees and engage with MPs and Peers
- How the Government develops legislative proposals to bring before Parliament

Speakers will include senior experts from the House of Commons and the House of Lords. This event will take place in the Emmanuel Centre, 9-23 Marsham Street, London, SW1P 3DW

For more information and to book a place please contact Emma Balmforth in Member Services.

Computer Skills Training

The Members' training needs analysis identified a requirement for Computer Skills training. Due to the diverse needs of Members, training on basic computer skills will be offered to small groups or on a one-to-one basis as requested.

Please remember there are MSDC computers available in the Members Room from which access to the intranet is available.

For further details on any of the above training events and to arrange a training session on Computer Skills, please contact Emma Balmforth on 01444 477225 or e-mail emma.balmforth@midsussex.gov.uk.

News Releases

For further information or copies of the press release listed below, please contact the Press Office on 01444 477387 or use the following link:

http://www.midsussex.gov.uk/8485.htm

PR 1831 - Crawley Down Benefit Fraud.

Information and News

LOCAL GLOBAL MID SUSSEX 2014

Mid Sussex District Council is again supporting the colourful Local Global Mid Sussex event which is being organised by Mid Sussex Diversity Forum. The event is planned for the afternoon of Saturday 21st June at the Kings Centre, Victoria Road, Burgess Hill from 2 - 5 p.m.

Previous events have been hugely successful with over 500 people enjoying the music, dances, songs and tastes of the cultures that make up the Mid Sussex community.

Also on offer will be food provided by local community groups giving a tasty flavour of the world here in Mid Sussex.

It is a free event, all are welcome.

For more information contact Lin Parkinson, Community Development Officer email lin.parkinson@midsussex.gov.uk tel: 01444 477495.

FLOOD SUPPORT SCHEME

The Council has taken up the Flood Support Scheme offered by the Government.

£5,000 is available to homeowners and businesses that have been **internally** flooded between the 1st December 2103 and 31st March 2014. The Grant is available to help property owners and businesses implement flood resistance and/or resilience measures (over and above works paid for by insurance companies) to help minimise the impact of any future floods. **Please note** - the flooding of gardens, garages and outbuildings not critical to the running of your business cannot be claimed for.

The MSDC website now contains all the information needed to complete the Expression of Interest Form. Click <u>here</u> to go directly to the Flood Support pages.

If the property had to be vacated a Council Tax rebate is available and information can be found by <u>clicking</u> <u>here</u> – the relevant information is at the bottom of the page.

West Sussex County Council are offering the services of JBA Consulting who can carry out a specialist flood survey of the property. The price for this survey (about £500 or less) would come out of any grant money received, but the survey and results would provide independent advice. This advice would help to ensure that the correct resilience measures are installed at the property and it is recommended that this option is taken up. Please indicate on the form if you would like to take up this service.

For further information and advice telephone 01444-477495 or email communityservices@midsussex.gov.uk

PLANNING PROTOCOL FOR PLANNING COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Attached is the revised Planning Protocol for Planning Committee Members. This accords with the Council's local practice and reflects the relaxation on the predetermination rules enacted in Section 25 of the Localism Act 2011.

Planning Committee members should retain a copy of this document for future reference.

For further information please contact Tom Clark, Solicitor To The Council on 01444 477459 or e-mail tom.clark@midsussex.gov.uk



MODEL COUNCIL MEMBERS' PLANNING CODE or PROTOCOL

Background

The Members' Planning Code of Good Practice was originally prepared in response to a series of successful court challenges concerning themselves with local planning authorities and the Members' conduct or conflicts of interests. It replaced what was a number of individual and sometimes haphazard approaches in individual councils at the time.

The drafting of the model code was subject to consultation and comment from a number of local authorities through the machinery of the Association of Council Secretaries and Solicitors (now LLG), the Local Government Association, the Local Government Ombudsman, Audit Commission and from firms of solicitors or counsel acting on their behalf.

This 2013 update takes into account the update to the Seven Principles of Public Life (the 'Nolan principles') and commentary from the Committee on standards in public life, the changes in the approach to codes of conduct and also to predetermination introduced by the Localism Act 2011 and the guide on 'Openness and transparency on personal interests' published by the Department for Communities and Local Government 2013.

For further reading please refer to 'Probity in Planning' issued by the Local Government Association.

Introduction

The aim of this Code: to ensure that in the planning process there are no grounds for suggesting that a decision has been biased, partial or not well founded in any way.

One of the key purposes of the planning system is to regulate the development and use of land in the public interest. Your role as a Member of the Planning Authority is to make planning decisions openly, impartially, with sound judgement and for justifiable reasons. You are also a democratically accountable decision-taker who had been elected to provide and pursue policies. You are entitled to be predisposed to make planning decisions in accordance with your political views and policies provided that you have considered all material considerations and have given fair consideration to relevant points raised.

When the Code applies: this code applies to Members at all times when involving themselves in the planning process. (This includes when taking part in the decision making meetings of the Council in exercising the functions of the Planning Authority or when

involved on less formal occasions, such as meetings with officers or the public and consultative meetings). It applies as equally to planning enforcement matters or site specific policy issues as it does to planning applications.

If you have any doubts about the application of this Code to your own circumstances you should seek advice early, from the Monitoring Officer or one of his or her staff, and preferably well before any meeting takes place.

1. Relationship to the Members' Code of Conduct

- Do apply the rules in the Members' Code of Conduct first, which must always be complied with. This is both the rules on interest, Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (DPIs) and any other interests identified by your Authority, and the general rules giving effect to the seven principles of public life: selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership.
- Do then apply the rules in this Members' Planning Code, which seek to explain and supplement the Members' Code of Conduct and the law on decsion making for the purposes of planning control. If you do not abide by this Members' Planning Code, you may put:
 - the Council at risk of proceedings on the legality of the related decision or maladministration; and
 - yourself at risk of being named in a report made to the Council or, if the failure is also likely to be a breach of the interest provisions of Localism Act 2011, a complaint being made to the police to consider criminal proceedings.

2. Development Proposals and Personal Interests

- Do disclose the existence and nature of your interest as required by your Authority's Member Code of Conduct.
- Do take into account when approaching a decision that the Principle of Integrity is defined in terms that

"Holders of public office must avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. They should not act or take decisions in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends. **They must declare and resolve any interests and relationships**".

It is therefore advisable that you:

Don't seek or accept any preferential treatment, or place yourself in a position that could lead the public to think you are receiving preferential treatment, because of your position as a councillor. This would include, where you have a disclosable or other personal conflict of interest in a proposal, using your position to discuss that proposal with officers or Members when other members of the public would not have the same opportunity to do so.

- Do note that you are not prevented from seeking to explain and justify a proposal in which you may have a conflict of interest to an appropriate officer, in person or in writing, but that your role as a councillor may place additional limitations on you in representing the proposal in which you have a personal interest.
- Do notify the Monitoring Officer in writing where it is clear to you that you have a
 disclosable pecuniary interest or other personal conflict of interest and note that:
 - you should send the notification no later than submission of that application where you can;
 - the proposal will always be reported to the Committee as a main item and not dealt with by officers under delegated powers;
 - · you must not get involved in the processing of the application; and
 - it is advisable that you employ an agent to act on your behalf in respect of the proposal when dealing with officers and in public speaking at Committee.

3. Fettering Discretion in the Planning Process (natural justice, predisposition and predetermination)

- Don't fetter your discretion by approaching the decision with a closed mind.
- **Do** be aware that in your role as an elected Member you are entitled, and are often expected, to have expressed views on planning issues and that these comments have an added measure of protection under the Localism Act 2011.
- Do keep at the front of your mind that, when you come to make the decision, you
 - are entitled to have and to have expressed your own views on the matter, provided you are prepared to reconsider your position in the light of all the evidence and arguments;
 - must keep an open mind and hear all of the evidence before you, both the officers' presentation of the facts and their advice as well as the arguments from all sides;
 - are not required to cast aside views on planning policy you held when seeking election or otherwise acting as a Member, in giving fair consideration to points raised:
 - are only entitled to take account a material consideration and must disregard considerations irrelevant to the question and legal context at hand; and
 - are to come to a decision after giving what you feel is the right weight to those material considerations.
- Do be aware that you can be biased where the Council is the landowner, developer or applicant if you have acted as, or could be perceived as being, a chief advocate for the proposal. (This is more than a matter of membership of both the proposing and planning determination committees, but that through your significant personal involvement in preparing or advocating the proposal you will be, or perceived by the public as being, no longer able to act impartially or to determine the proposal purely on its planning merits.)

- Do consider yourself able to take part in the debate on a proposal when acting as part
 of a consultee body (where you are also a member of the parish council, for example,
 or both a district/borough and county councillor), provided:
 - the proposal does not substantially effect the well being or financial standing of the consultee body;
 - you make it clear to the consultee body that:
 - your views are expressed on the limited information before you only;
 - you must reserve judgement and the independence to make up your own mind on each separate proposal, based on your overriding duty to the whole community and not just to the people in that area, ward or parish, as and when it comes before the Committee and you hear all of the relevant information; and
 - you will not in any way commit yourself as to how you or others may vote when the proposal comes before the Committee.
- Do explain that you do not intend to speak and vote as a member of the Committee
 because you will be perceived as having judged (or you reserve the right to judge) the
 matter elsewhere, so that this may be recorded in the minutes. (Use the disclosure
 form provided for disclosing interests.)
- Do take the opportunity to exercise your separate speaking rights as a Ward/Local Member (where this is granted by the authority's standing orders or by the consent from the Chair and Committee) where you have represented your views or those of local electors and fettered your discretion, but do not have a disclosable or other personal conflict of interest. Where you do:
 - advise the proper officer or Chair that you wish to speak in this capacity before commencement of the item;
 - remove yourself from the seating area for members of the Committee for the duration of that item; and
 - ensure that your actions are recorded.

4. Contact with Applicants, Developers and Objectors

- Do refer those who approach you for planning, procedural or technical advice to officers.
- Don't agree to any formal meeting with applicants, developers or groups of objectors where you can avoid it. Where you feel that a formal meeting would be useful in clarifying the issues, you should seek to arrange that meeting yourself through a request to the [Development Control Manager] to organise it. The officer(s) will then ensure that those present at the meeting are advised from the start that the discussions will not bind the authority to any particular course of action, that the meeting is properly recorded on the application file and the record of the meeting is disclosed when the application is considered by the Committee.

Do otherwise:

- follow the Authority's rules on lobbying;
- consider whether or not it would be prudent in the circumstances to make notes

- when contacted; and
- report to the [Development Control Manager] any significant contact with the applicant and other parties, explaining the nature and purpose of the contacts and your involvement in them, and ensure that this is recorded on the planning file [a profoma has been supplied to you for this purpose].

In addition in respect of presentations by applicants/developers:

- Don't attend a planning presentation without requesting an officer to be present.
- Do ask relevant questions for the purposes of clarifying your understanding of the proposals.
- Do remember that the presentation is not part of the formal process of debate and determination of any subsequent application, this will be carried out by the appropriate Committee of the planning authority.
- Do be aware that a presentation is a form of lobbying and, whilst you may express any
 view on the merits or otherwise of the proposal presented, you should never state how
 you or other Members would intend to vote at a committee.

5. Lobbying of Councillors

- Do explain to those lobbying or attempting to lobby you that, whilst you can listen to
 what is said, it may subsequently prejudice your impartiality, and therefore your ability
 to participate in the Committee's decision making, to make any sort of promise to vote
 one way or another or such a firm point of view that it amounts to the same thing.
- **Do** remember that your overriding duty is to the whole community not just to the people in your [ward][division] and, taking account of the need to make decisions impartially, that you should not improperly favour, or appear to improperly favour, any person, company, group or locality.
- Don't accept gifts or hospitality from any person involved in or affected by a planning proposal. If a degree of hospitality is entirely unavoidable, ensure it is of a minimum, its acceptance is declared as soon as possible, including its addition to your register of interests where relevant.
- Do copy or pass on any lobbying correspondence you receive to the Development Control Manager at the earliest opportunity.
- Do promptly refer to the [Development Control Manager] any offers made to you of planning gain or constraint of development, through a proposed s.106 Planning Obligation or otherwise.
- Do inform the Monitoring Officer where you feel you have been exposed to undue or excessive lobbying or approaches (including inappropriate offers of gifts or hospitality), who will in turn advise the appropriate officers to follow the matter up.
- Do note that, unless you have a disclosable or overiding other personal conflict of interest, you will not have fettered your discretion or breached this Planning Code through:

- listening or receiving viewpoints from residents or other interested parties;
- making comments to residents, interested parties, other Members or appropriate officers (making clear that you must keep an open mind when it comes to making the decision);
- seeking information through appropriate channels; or
- being a vehicle for the expression of opinion of others in your role as a [Ward][Division] Member.

6. Lobbying by Councillors

- Don't become a member of, lead or represent an organisation whose primary purpose
 is to lobby to promote or oppose planning proposals unless it is your intentention to
 openly campaign on the matter and will therefore step away from the Committee when
 it comes to make it's decision.
- Do join general interest groups which reflect your areas of interest and which
 concentrate on issues beyond particular planning proposals (such as the Victorian
 Society, CPRE, Ramblers Association or a local civic society), but you should normally
 seek to disclose that interest on the grounds of transparency where the organisation
 has made representations on a particular proposal.
- Don't excessively lobby fellow councillors regarding your concerns or views nor attempt to persuade them that they should decide how to vote in advance of the meeting at which any planning decision is to be taken
- Don't decide or discuss how to vote on any application at any political group meeting, or lobby any other Member to do so. Political Group Meetings should never dictate how Members should vote on a planning issue.

7. Site Visits/Inspections

- Do try to attend site visits organised by the Council where possible.
- Don't request a site visit unless you feel it is strictly necessary because:
 - particular site factors are significant in terms of the weight attached to them relative to other factors or the difficulty of their assessment in the absence of a site inspection; or
 - there are significant policy or precedent implications and specific site factors need to be carefully addressed.
- Do ensure that you report back to the Committee any information gained from the site visit that you feel would benefit all Members of the Committee
- Do ensure that you treat the site visit only as an opportunity to seek information and to observe the site.
- **Do** ask the officers at the site visit questions or seek clarification from them on matters which are relevant to the site inspection.
- Don't hear representations from any other party, with the exception of the Ward

Member(s) whose address must focus only on site factors and site issues. Where you are approached by the applicant or a third party, advise them that they should make representations in writing to the authority and direct them to or inform the officer present.

- Don't express opinions or views.
- **Don't** enter a site which is subject to a proposal other than as part of an official site visit, even in response to an invitation, as this may give the impression of bias unless:
 - you feel it is essential for you to visit the site other than through attending the official site visit.
 - you have first spoken to the Development Control Manager about your intention to do so and why (which will be recorded on the file) and
 - you can ensure you will comply with these good practice rules on site visits.

8. Public Speaking at Meetings

- Don't allow members of the public to communicate with you during the Committee's
 proceedings (orally or in writing) other than through the scheme for public speaking or
 through the Chair, as this may give the appearance of bias.
- Do ensure that you comply with the Council's procedures in respect of public speaking.

9. Officers

- **Don't** put pressure on officers to put forward a particular recommendation. (This does not prevent you from asking questions or submitting views to the [Development Control Manager], which may be incorporated into any committee report).
- Do recognise that officers are part of a management structure and only discuss a
 proposal, outside of any arranged meeting, with a Head of Service or those officers
 who are authorised by their Head of Service to deal with the proposal at a Member
 level.
- Do recognise and respect that officers involved in the processing and determination of planning matters must act in accordance with the Council's Code of Conduct for Officers and their professional codes of conduct, primarily the Royal Town Planning Institute's Code of Professional Conduct. As a result, planning officers' views, opinions and recommendations will be presented on the basis of their overriding obligation of professional independence, which may on occasion be at odds with the views, opinions or decisions of the Committee or its Members.

10. Decision Making

 Do ensure that, if you request a proposal to go before the Committee rather than be determined through officer delegation, that your planning reasons are recorded and

- repeated in the report to the Committee.
- Do come to meetings with an open mind and demonstrate that you are open-minded.
- Do comply with section 38 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 and make decisions in accordance with the Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.
- **Do** come to your decision only after due consideration of all of the information reasonably required upon which to base a decision. If you feel there is insufficient time to digest new information or that there is simply insufficient information before you, request that further information. If necessary, defer or refuse.
- Don't vote or take part in the meeting's discussion on a proposal unless you have been present to hear the entire debate, including the officers' introduction to the matter.
- Do have recorded the reasons for Committee's decision to defer any proposal [and that this is in accordance with the Council's protocol on deferrals].
- Do make sure that if you are proposing, seconding or supporting a decision contrary to officer recommendations or the development plan that you clearly identify and understand the <u>planning reasons</u> leading to this conclusion/decision. These reasons must be given prior to the vote and be recorded. Be aware that you may have to justify the resulting decision by giving evidence in the event of any challenge.

11. Training

- **Don't** participate in decision making at meetings dealing with planning matters if you have not attended the mandatory planning training prescribed by the Council.
- Do endeavour to attend any other specialised training sessions provided, since these
 will be designed to extend your knowledge of planning law, regulations, procedures,
 Codes of Practice and the Development Plans beyond the minimum referred to above
 and thus assist you in carrying out your role properly and effectively.
- **Do** participate in the annual review of a sample of planning decisions to ensure that Members' judgements have been based on proper planning considerations.